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RASSED ASSESSES OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THE RAZZAZ GOVERNMENT IN 837 DAYS

- Exceptional challenges hindered the implementation of some of the government's commitments.
- Jordan is falling back on world indexes during Al Razzaz's government.
- 4 billion increase in Jordan's debt during Al Razzaz's government.
- 23% increase in the unemployment rate in 2020 when compared to 18.7% in 2018.
- 21% of government commitments have been fulfilled.
- 59% of government commitments are in progress.
- 20% of government commitments have yet to commence.
- 379 travel trips for the PM and his ministers in 837 days.
- 772 government decisions in 837 days
- 72 appointments to leadership positions during Al Razzaz's government.
- 17 appointments to leadership positions during the Covid-19 crisis
- 52 ministers participated in the government over a period of 2 years and 3 months

September 28, 2020

Amman, Jordan

Hayat - RASED, as part of its government performance monitoring program, provided a report on the performance of PM Omar Razzaz's government during two years and three months, and the results showed that 52 ministers have been shuffled in and out in four ministerial changes throughout the period of Omar Al Razzaz's government. The flow of information to citizens about the performance of the government and in the context of motivating the next government to develop government performance and enshrine the citizen's right to be informed of the performance of his government.

In this context, Dr. Amer Bani Amer, Director General of Hayat-RASED stated that this report is a continuation of the efforts of RASED's team in evaluating government performance, which aims to enhance the culture of monitoring the executive authority's performance, especially since we are passing through critical political and economic stages, especially if we take into account the circumstances and events that Jordan has gone through during the past two years.

Dr. Bani Amer stated that the government faced exceptional internal challenges, including facing the global Covid-19 epidemic, the continuing difficult economic crisis, poverty, unemployment and high prices, in addition to external challenges, most notably with regard to the Palestinian issue, Holy Jerusalem and the peace process.

The results of the report showed that the government committed to 435 commitments over a period of two years and 3 months, of which only 21% had been completed, while 59% of the commitments were still being implemented, but not yet completed, and the government had not started implementing 20% of the commitments it had placed on itself, it is mentioned that the commitments that have been tracked and monitored are the government's plan contained in its ministerial statement, in addition to the commitments made by its PM and what was included in the government's priority plans (Ennahda).

In terms of decisions taken by the government during cabinet meetings, their number reached 772 decisions within 837 days, with the decisions pillars being compiled of 31% within the legislative pillar, 30% of decisions within the administrative pillar, while the financial and economic pillar reached 13% of the total decisions, while the least axes within government decisions are related to public sector performance, integrity and anti-corruption, at a rate of 1% for each.

With regard to ministers' travel trips, 379 travel trips made by the PM and 48 ministers were tracked, with 71% of travel destinations being disclosed, while 29% of travel destinations were not disclosed, noting that the information related to this framework was extracted from the Official Gazette.

Omar Al-Razzaz's government took 72 decisions related to appointments to senior leadership positions, 17 of which were during the Covid-19 pandemic period, and by detailing the appointments decisions by gender, it was found that 13% of the decisions were related to appointing women to higher positions while the remaining 87% were for males.

In addition to the government's performance at the internal level, a set of global indicators related to Jordan were tracked, and it was found that the government's ranking with regard to the e-government development index has decreased. Jordan's ranking was 98 in 2018 and decreased by 19 global ranks to reach 117 in 2020. Corruption Perceptions Index Jordan was ranked 58 out of 180 countries in 2018 and became 60 out of 198 countries in 2019, and with regard to the government integrity index, Jordan declined from 51.9 in 2018 to 49.6 in 2020, and the Freedom of Business Index declined to 60.1 in 2019. In 2020, after it was 63 in 2018, the freedom to work index decreased significantly, as it was 58.9 in 2018, and decreased to 52.5 in 2020.

The report included the most prominent points that the Jordanian government went through, starting with the High Commissioning Letter on 5/2018/6/, passing through a group of internal and external points, and ending with the high unemployment rates, which reached 23% during the second quarter of 2020, and the increase in debt, which reached 32 billion JOD compared to 27.9 billion JOD in mid-2018, an increase of 4 billion JOD in over two years.

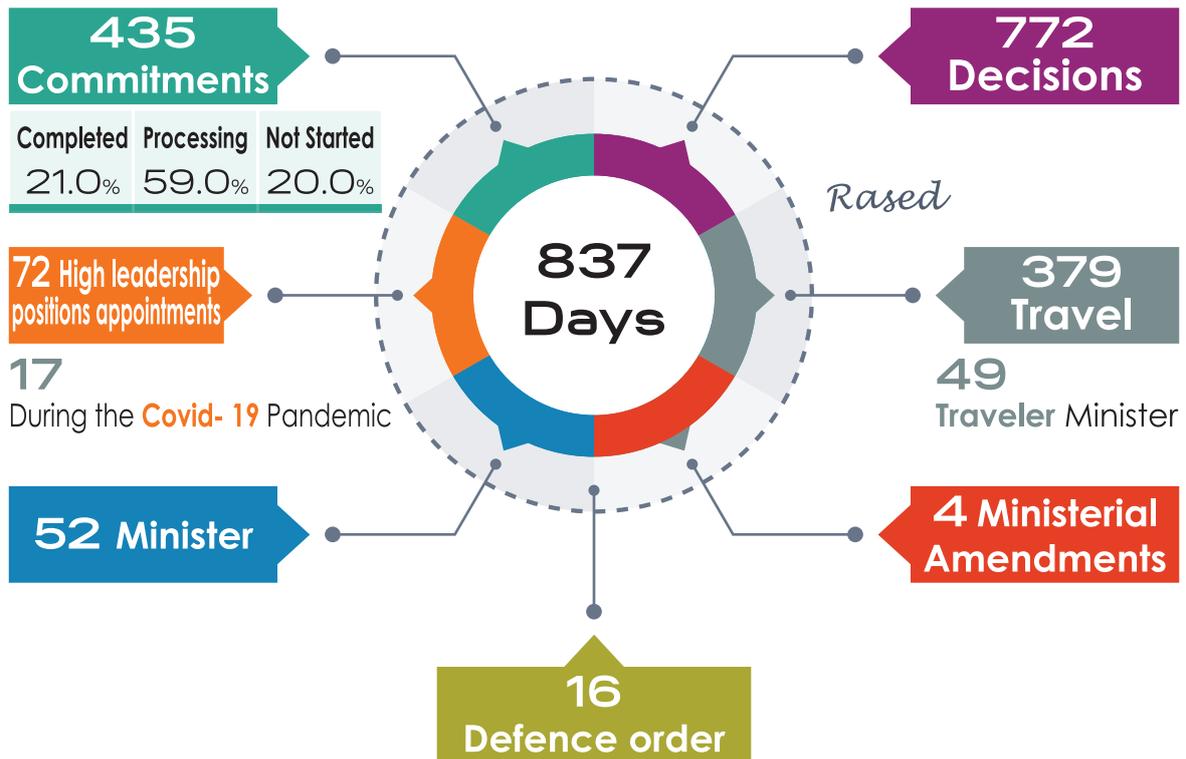
The government recorded as having begun a campaign to combat tax evasion, as well as amending the Civil Retirement Law No. 34 of 2018 and its amendments, according to which "the minister is subject to retirement if he has spent an acceptable service for civil and military retirement of no less than 10 years" and approved the mechanism for providing treatment services to all cancer patients civil and military insured and uninsured, in addition to the adoption of the five economic packages by which the salaries of public sector employees and retired civil and military personnel were increased.

The most prominent milestones in the era of Dr. Omar Razzaz's

NO.	The most prominent stations
1	June 14, 2018 The government is sworn in
2	June 2018 commissioning letter of designation for Dr. Omar Razzaz.
3	June 2018 Withdrawal of the tax bill from the Parliament
4	July 2018 government statement before Parliament
5	July 2018: The government gets the confidence from the Parliament
6	July 2018 Disclosure of a case of corruption, counterfeiting of famous tobacco brands
7	August 2018 Fuhais and Salt bombings
8	September 2018 pledge, to bring Walid Al-Kurdi from London who has been convicted of corruption cases
9	September 2018 Al-Razzaz pledged political reforms that include amending election laws, parties and decentralization
10	September 2018 start of dialogues on the draft tax law in the provinces, which were accompanied by protests in those governorates
11	October 2018, the first cabinet reshuffle, in which 10 ministers left, 7 entered, and 6 ministries merged
12	October 2018 The Dead Sea tragedy and the Ministers of Education and Higher Education and Tourism submit their resignations
13	October 2018: A corruption case was revealed in the Al-Bashir Hospital services file
14	November 2018 Launching the Renaissance Project and the Government's Priority Plan (2019-2020)
15	November 2018, tax law passed
16	December 2018, the Jordanian receives from Turkey the main man accused in the smoke corruption case, Awni Mutia
17	December 2018 The start of Thursday's protests following the passage of the Income Tax Law
18	December 2018: The crossing boarder Jaber is reopened
19	December 2018 Al-Razzaz visits Iraq to discuss economic files
20	January 2019 floods in downtown Amman
21	January 2019 Launching the "Watan Service Program"
22	January 2019 The second ministerial reshuffle of the government includes 4 portfolios, including tourism and education, after the resignation of the two ministers responsible for the Dead Sea disaster and the separation of the two ministries of municipal affairs from transportation

NO.	The most prominent stations
23	February 2019 The London Initiative was launched
24	February 2019 Protests of the unemployed that arrived in Amman from the governorates
25	May 2019 is the third ministerial reshuffle and includes 8 portfolios, according to which 5 ministers left and the names of two ministries were changed
26	June 2019 Launching and operating of the "Amman Bus"
27	October 2019 Agreement to the end of the 30-day teachers' strik
28	October 2019 The launch of the first economic package aimed at revitalizing the national economy and stimulating investment
29	November 2019 The launch of the second economic package aimed at administrative reform of the government
30	November 2019 fourth cabinet reshuffle
31	December 2019 The launch of the third economic package, to increase the salaries of public sector employees, the military sector, and retirees
32	December 2019 The launch of the fourth economic package to improve the quality of services
33	February 2020 The launch of the fifth economic package aimed at "Electronic services and improving the business environment"
34	March 2020 announcement of the first Jordanian infected with the Corona virus
35	March 2020 The curfew Act begins
36	April 2020 Minister of Agriculture Ibrahim Al Shehadeh resigns, due to movement permits during Corona
37	July 2020 The start of an expanded campaign to combat tax evasion and corruption, targeting public figures
38	August 2020 The date for the parliamentary elections will be set on 11/10/2020
39	August 2020, the indebtedness rised to 32 billion Jordanian dinars, an increase of 4 billion dinars during the government's era
40	September 2020 reinstatement of labor service
41	July 2020: Arrest and cessation of teachers' union council members, and close its headquarters for a period of two years
42	September 2020, the unemployment rate increased to (23.0%) compared to 2018 18.7% when Razzaz took office

The Performance of Dr. Omar Al-Razzaz's Government During 837 Days



Jordan's classification according to some international indicators During Dr. Omar Al-Razzaz's Government

